Eastbury Primary School: Religious Education (RE)_Progression Map 2020

	SUBJECT: Religious Education (RE - topics taken from discovery RE scheme of work -areas of enquiry targets AT1 & AT2 targets or						
NC – nationa	Autumn (optional religious festivals - to also look at Diwali/Harvest/Guy Fawkes)	th Re have be	Spring (optional religious festivals – to look at Chinese New Year/Vaisakhi for Sikhs/St Georges day/Mother's Day)	m 2	Summer (optional religious festivals – to look at Ramadan/Eid/Father's Day)		
EYFS Nursery and Reception	Topic Title: Special people/Christmas Understanding of the world – people and communities.	Complete topic not done in Autumn 1.	Topic Title: celebrations /Easter - Christianity Understanding of the world – people and communities.	Complete topic not done in Spring 1.	Topic Title: story time – (based on moral or religious story) / Special places. Understanding of the world – people and communities.	Complete topic not done in Summer 1.	
EYFS – focus is on speaking- I can – for key skills statements then it leads to writing etc	Key knowledge: 40-60+ Enjoys joining in with family customs and routines. ELG – Children talk about past and present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.		Key knowledge: 40-60+ Enjoys joining in with family customs and routines. ELG – Children talk about past and present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions. Term 1 -celebrations		Key knowledge: 40-60+ Enjoys joining in with family customs and routines. ELG – Children talk about past and present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.		
EYFS statements 40-60+ And	Term 1 -Special People - our Families		Key Skills: what do people celebrate? Children to complete a cultural book from autumn and have a cultural day. To discuss		Term 1 -: story time – based on moral or religious story.		

ELG targets	Key Skills: what makes people special. I can say who is special to me and why.		their special celebrations e.g. birthday, Christmas, Eid.		Key Skills: what can we learn from stories?	
	Key vocabulary: Family, home, mum, dad, brother, sister, baby,		Key vocabulary: celebration, special, birthday, Christmas, Eid and Diwali.		To understand right and wrong – using story of your choice.	
	grandma, granddad, grandparents		Term 2 – Easter		Noah's ark -story for children – linking to minibeast/farm topic.	
	Term 2 – Christmas		Key Skills: Easter, farm topic – new life linking to farm topic, life cycles of a hen		Also, maths counting in 2s.	
	Key Skills: What is Christmas?		and caterpillar. Farm visit.		Key vocabulary: story, right, wrong, choice, Noah's ark, animals,	
	I can say what is Christmas – birth of Jesus Christ. How we celebrate		I can say why we have Easter to celebrate new life and beginnings. – link to lifecycles.		mini beasts.	
	it. I can participate in the Christmas play.		Easter hat parade and Easter hunt in		Term 2 – Special Places	
	Key vocabulary: Christmas, Christmas story, Jesus, presents,		School.		Key Skills : What makes places special?	
	angel,3 wise men/kings, shepherd, Mary, Joseph, Christmas play		Key vocabulary – Easter, new life, life cycle, new beginnings, hen, chick, caterpillar, butterfly.		To know what a special place is to me, example home is, mosque, gurdwara, church, school. To say	
	Reception Christmas Assembly performance		Whole school Easter hat parade.		why it is special.	
					Key vocabulary – special place, places of worship – gurdwara, mosque, church	
	Topic Title: Places of worship/creation story/Christmas story in Christianity	Complete topic not	Topic Title: Jesus as a friend / Easter story - Christianity	Complete topic not	Topic Title: Judaism – Shabbat/Chanukah	Complete topic not
Year 1	Key knowledge: NC RE1b: To	done in Autumn 1.	Key knowledge: NC RE1a: To retell religious,	done in Spring 1.	Key knowledge: RE1a: To retell religious,	done in Summer
	identify how religion and belief is expressed in		spiritual and moral stories - Jesus as a friend		spiritual and moral stories	1.

different ways

RE1c: To identify similarities and differences in features of religions and beliefs

RE2c: To identify possible meanings for symbols and other forms of religious expression

AT1 A Beliefs, teachings and sources
AT2 F Values and commitments

Does the world belong to God? Should people take care of the world?

AT1 A Beliefs, teachings and sources

AT2 D Identity, diversity and belonging.

What gift would I have given to Jesus if he had been born in my town and not in Bethlehem?

Key Skills: to compare between different places of worship. To distinguish different religious symbols.

RE2b: To ask questions about their own and others feelings and experiences

Key Skills: To identify when it is easy and difficult to show friendship and explore when Jesus may have found it difficult To identify was it always easy for Jesus to show friendship? To define when answering the following - What can I learn from religious traditions? Should people follow religious leaders and teachings?

Why was Jesus welcomed like a king or celebrity by the crowds on Palm Sunday? Show evidence for your answer. To know that Jesus is special to Christians and how his welcome on Palm Sunday shows this

Key vocabulary: Jesus, good, friend, bible, Palm Sunday, Easter,

Whole school Easter hat parade.

RE2b: To ask questions about their own and others feelings and experiences

AT1 B Practices and ways of life

AT2 D Identify, diversity and belonging

AT1 C Forms of expressing meaning

To empathise with Jewish children by understanding what they do during Shabbat and why it is important to them.

To empathise with Jewish children by understanding how it feels for them to take part in Chanukah activities.

Key Skills: To identify and describe some symbols in Judaism.

To reflect and describe how a Jewish child would feel exploring celebrations in Judaism.

Key vocabulary: Judaism, synagogue, star of David, the lion of Judah, menorah, mezuzah, Torah scroll, Shabbat/Chanukah

Year 2	Christmas concert performances Topic Title: Christianity: Is it possible to be kind all the time? (T 1)	Complete topic not done in Autumn 1.	Topic Title: you may choose Judaism (theme is Passover) or Islam (theme is prayer at home, 5 times a day) (T1) / Christianity, Easter, Resurrection (T2)	Complete topic not done in Spring 1.	Topic Title: you may choose Judaism (theme is Prayer at home) or Islam (theme is Community and belonging) (T1)	Complete topic not done in Summer 1.
	Key vocabulary: church, gurdwara, mosque, synagogue, mandir, Buddhist temple Creation story, bible ,7 th day, days of the week. Christmas story, presents, characters from the story and role.					
	To reflect on the Christmas story and decide what gifts would be meaningful for Jesus. What can I learn from stories from religious traditions? To question are symbols better than words at expressing religious beliefs?					
	To re-tell the Christian Creation story and to explore how this influences how Christians behave towards nature and the environment					
	To describe what is different and similar between different places of worship and their symbols.				Year group assembly – St Georges Day	

Why did God give Jesus to the world? (T 2)

AT1 A Beliefs, teachings and sources

AT2 F Values and commitment

AT2 E Meaning, purpose and truth

Key knowledge: to re-tell Bible stories that show kindness, and to explore how this makes Christians behave towards other people.

To reflect on the Christmas story and the reasons for Jesus' birth.

Key Skills: to be able to listen and retell the story of the good Samaritan and paralyzed man and reflect on the stories.

Reflect on times we have given gifts and explain why. To retell the Christmas story. To identify and explain why God gave Jesus.

Key vocabulary: bible stories, the good, Samaritan the paralysed man, Christmas, Jesus, god, presents, birth

Christmas concert performances

How special is the relationship Jews have with God? (T1)

Does praying at regular intervals everyday help a Muslim in his/her everyday life? (T1)

Christianity, Easter, Resurrection (T2)

AT1 B Practices and ways of life

AT1 F Values and commitments

AT1 A Beliefs, teachings and sources

AT2 E Meaning, purpose and truth-

Key knowledge: To investigate: Who do I believe I am? Does it feel special to belong? (both for Judaism and Islam) (T1)

To identify if God is important to everyone? Are symbols better than words at expressing religious beliefs? (T2)

Key Skills: To evaluate and understand how celebrating Passover and keeping Kashrut (food laws) help Jews show God they value their special relationship with Him. (T1)

To explain and evaluate what commitment means to us and to Muslims by knowing about how Muslims pray 5 times a day. (T1)

Judaism (how to show your commitment)/ Islam (theme is hajj) (T2)

AT1 B Practices and ways of life

AT2 D Identity, diversity and belonging

AT2 F Values and commitments

Key knowledge: To evaluate how important is it for Jewish people to do what God has asked them to do? (T1)

To evaluate how going to the mosque give Muslims a sense of belonging? (T1)

To identify the best way for a Jew to show commitment to God. (T2)

To investigate does completing Hajj make a person a better Muslim. (T2)

Key Skills: To identify and understand the special relationship between Jews and God and the promise they make to each other. (T1)

To understand why Muslims, visit the mosque and to explore

Year 3	Topic Title: Hinduism – theme is Diwali or Sikhism – theme is Amrit Ceremony (T1) Christianity /Christmas (T2) RE1a: To make links and explain connections between beliefs, stories and practices. RE1b: To recognise and explain the impact of beliefs and ultimate questions on individuals and communities. RE1c: To explain the reasons for,	Complete topic not done in Autumn 1. Year 3 assembly - Diwali Christmas concert performances	Throughout the day interrupting learning, reflecting on how this felt. Learning about prayer position. Reflect on why Muslim's pray (T1) To re-tell and describe the Easter story and understand what Jesus' resurrection means for Christians. Reflect on the symbols at Easter. Debate whether Jesus came back to life (T2) Key vocabulary: Passover, seder plates/muslim,prayer,paryer mat, salat,adhan,/resurrection,easter,palm Sunday Whole school Easter hat parade. Topic Title: Christianity – Jesus' Miracles (T1) Christianity – Easter – Forgiveness. (T2) RE2a:To suggest lines of enquiry to address questions raised by the study of religions and beliefs. RE2b:To suggest answers to questions raised by the study of religions and beliefs, using relevant sources and evidence. RE1c:To explain the reasons for, and effects of, diversity within and between religions, beliefs and cultures.	Complete topic not done in Spring 1.	whether this gives them a sense of belonging. (T1) To explore different ways that Jews show their commitment to Go and evaluate different ways that Jews show their commitment to God. (T2) To explore and describe what happens during Hajj and to identify the importance of this to Muslims. (T2) Key vocabulary: prayer, Jews, synagogue, mosque, hajj, mecca Year 2 assembly – Eid Topic Title: You may choose between Sikhism – Sharing and Community(T1) or Hinduism - Hindu Beliefs (T1) Sikhism – Prayer and Worship (T2) or Hinduism - Pilgrimage to the River Ganges(T2) RE2a:To suggest lines of enquiry to address questions raised by the study of religions and beliefs.	Complete topic not done in Summer 1.
	RE1c: To explain the reasons for, and effects of, diversity within and		religions, beliefs and cultures		RE2b:To suggest answers to questions raised by the study of	

between religions, beliefs and cultures.

RE2c: To recognise and explain diversity within religious expression, using appropriate concepts.

AT1 B Practices and ways of lifeAT1 C Forms of expressing meaningAT2 D Identity, diversity and belonging

AT1 A Beliefs, teachings and sources AT2 E Meaning, purpose and truth

Key knowledge: Would celebrating Diwali at home and in the community bring a feeling of belonging to a Hindu child? (T1)

Does joining the Khalsa make a person a better Sikh? (T1/2)

Has Christmas lost its true meaning? (T2)

Key Skills: To investigate what happens during the festival of Diwali and whether the celebrations bring a sense of belonging to Hindus. (T1)

AT1 A Beliefs, teachings and sourcesAT2 E Meaning, purpose and truth

AT1 C Forms of expressing meaning

Key knowledge: To investigate could Jesus really heal people? Were these miracles or is there some other explanation?

To debate and question what is 'good' about Good Friday?

Key Skills: Explain how to make yourself feel better if you were ill.

Role play story of blind man. Re-tell story of paralysed man.(T1)

Ordering sequence of events leading up to Jesus' death. To write about something you would like to be forgiven for doing.(T2)

Key vocabulary: bible, Jesus, old testament, new testament, paralysed man, blind man, story, characters.

Easter, crucifixion, cross, Palm Sunday, resurrection, Easter eggs

Whole school Easter hat parade.

religions and beliefs, using relevant sources and evidence.

RE1b:To recognise and explain the impact of beliefs and ultimate questions on individuals and communities.

RE1a:To make links and explain connections between beliefs, stories and practices.

RE1b:To recognise and explain the impact of beliefs and ultimate questions on individuals and communities.

RE1c:To explain the reasons for, and effects of, diversity within and between religions, beliefs and cultures.

AT1 A Beliefs, teachings and sources

AT2 E Meaning, purpose and truth

AT1 B Practices and ways of life

AT2 F Values and commitments

To explore the reasons why a Sikh	Key knowledge: Research why
may choose to join the	Sikhs think it is important to share?
Khalsa. (T1/2)	(T1)
To research what the true meaning	
of Christmas is to	
Christinas and	To research how can Brahman
	be everywhere and in
compare this with what	everything? (T1)
Christmas means	
	Investigate would visiting the
to us. (2)	River Ganges feel special
	to a non-Hindu?(T2)
Key vocabulary: Diwali, diva, lamp,	
light, Rama, Sita, Lakshmi.	What is the best way for a Sikh
	to show commitment to
Sikh, Khalsa, Amrit, the 5ks, code	God? (T2)
of conduct	
	Key Skills: To explore how Sikh
Christmas, presents, Jesus Christ,	beliefs affect their way of life
nativity story.	and the importance they place
	on sharing. Activities - Play a
	sharing game. Share rules we
	have in own lives.
	Ordering pictures of sharing
	into importance.
	Sharing bread with each other
	and focusing on 'Thank you's'.
	(T1)
	To explore and understand the
	Hindu belief that there is
	one God with many
	different aspects. (T1)
	Activities -A small box
	containing
	pictures/models of

					different Hindu deities Cards explaining the role of each of the Glass of water and salt To compare and understand the significance of the River Ganges both for a Hindu and non- Hindu.(T2) To understand different ways that Sikhs show their commitment to God, comparing their practices in order to explore which shows the most commitment. (T2)	
					Key vocabulary: Sikh, langar, share, kirat kerna, vand shakna,. Hindu- prayer, pooja, pooja tray, brahmin, Vishnu, Lakshmi, Rama. (T1) Sikh – ardas, mool mantar, guru	
					granth sahib, guru, gurdwara. (T2) Hindu – Ganges, pilgrim, sins, pooja, (T2)	
Year 4	Topic Title: : Judaism- Beliefs and Practices (T1) / Christianity – Christmas (T2)	Complete topic not done in	Title: Judaism – Passover (T1) Christianity -Easter (T2)	Complete topic not done in	Topic Title: Judaism - Beliefs and Practices (T1) Christianity - Prayer and Worship(T2)	Complete topic not done in
	RE1a: To make links and explain connections between beliefs, stories and practices	Autumn 1.	RE1a: To make links and explain connections between beliefs, stories and practices.	Spring 1.	RE1a: To make links and explain connections between beliefs, stories and practices.	Summer 1.

RE1b: To recognise and explain the impact of beliefs and ultimate questions on individuals and communities.

AT1 A Beliefs, teachings and sources

AT2 D Identity, diversity and belonging.

AT1 C Forms of expressing meaning

AT2 E Meaning, purpose and truth

Key knowledge: To investigate how special is the relationship Jews have with God? Do sacred texts have to be 'true' to help people understand their religion? Does participating in worship help people to feel closer to God or their faith community. (T1)

To discuss and reflect on what is the most significant part of the nativity story for Christians today? (T2)

Key Skills: To explore and understand the special relationship between Jews and God and the promises they make to each other, accomplished through a series of

RE1b: To recognise and explain the impact of beliefs and ultimate questions on individuals and communities.

RE1c: To explain the reasons for, and effects of, diversity within and between religions, beliefs and cultures.

RE2a: To suggest lines of enquiry to address questions raised by the study of religions and beliefs.

RE2b: To suggest answers to questions raised by the study of religions and beliefs, using relevant sources and evidence.

RE2c: To recognise and explain diversity within religious expression, using appropriate concepts.

AT1 B Practices and ways of lifeAT2 E Meaning, purpose and truth.

Key knowledge: This unit will focus on understanding how celebration Passover and keeping the Kashrut (Food Laws) help Jews show God they value their special relationship with him. (T1)

To discuss and debate Is forgiveness always possible? (T2)

RE1b: To recognise and explain the impact of beliefs and ultimate questions on individuals and communities.

RE1c: To explain the reasons for, and effects of, diversity within and between religions, beliefs and cultures.

RE2a: To suggest lines of enquiry to address questions raised by the study of religions and beliefs.

RE2b: To suggest answers to questions raised by the study of religions and beliefs, using relevant sources and evidence.

RE2c: To recognise and explain diversity within religious expression, using appropriate concepts.

AT1 B Practices and ways of life

AT1 C Forms of expressing meaning

AT2 F Values and commitment

AT2 D Identity, diversity and belonging

stories, research, discussions, and enquiries. (T1)

To understand the symbolism in the Christmas story and think about what the different parts mean to Christians today. (T2)

Key vocabulary: Jews, god, old testament, Abraham, synagogue, Torah(T1)

Christmas, Jesus, Christingle, cross, bible, nativity

Christmas concert performances

Key Skills: This will be accomplished through a series of stories, research, discussions and enquiries. The children will use skills of engagement, expression, investigations and evaluation. (T1)

To explore and understand how Jesus' life, death and resurrection teaches Christians about forgiveness. Accomplished through a series of stories, research, discussions and enquiries. (T2)

Key vocabulary: Judaism, Jews, Kashrut, (T1)

Easter – Jesus, resurrection, Palm Sunday, crucifixion, bible, cross

Whole school Easter hat parade.

What is the best way for a Jew to show commitment to God? (T1)

Do people need to go to church to show they are Christians? (T2)

Key knowledge: To explore different ways in which Jews show their commitment to God, comparing their practices to explore which shows the most commitment. (T1)

to understand how important going to church is to show someone is a Christian. (T2)

Key Skills: To revisit and recap learning from term 1 and 3. Looking at a series of stories, research, discussions and enquiries. (T1)

To discuss and debate in groups and then present ideas in front of their peers to on how important going to church is to show that you are a Christian. (T2)

Key vocabulary: Jews, commitment, practices, synagogue, rabbi. (T1)

					Christians – church, vows, confession, priest/vicar, baptism.	
	Topic Title: you can choose	Complete	Topic Title: You can choose between either	Complete	Topic Title: you may choose from	Complete
	between, Sikhism -Belief into	topic not	- Sikhism - Beliefs and moral values(T1)	topic not	either –	topic not
Year 5	Action (T1) or Hinduism - Prayer and Worship (T1)	done in	Hinduism - Hindu beliefs (T1)	done in	Sikhism -Prayer and worship (T1) or	done in
	and 11 51 51 mp (1 2)	Autumn 1.	Tillidaisiii - Tillida belleis (11)	Spring 1.		Summer
	Christianity – Christmas (T2)		Christianity – Easter (T2)		Hinduism - Beliefs and moral values (T1)	1.
	RE1b: To recognise and explain the		RE2b: To suggest answers to questions		Christianity - Beliefs and practices	
	impact of beliefs and ultimate		raised by the study of religions and beliefs,		(T2)	
	questions on individuals and communities.		using relevant sources and evidence.		RE1b: To recognise and explain the	
			AT1 A Beliefs, teachings and sources		impact of beliefs and ultimate	
	RE2c: To recognise and explain		AT4 C Former of our mosting magning		questions on individuals and	
	diversity within religious		AT1 C Forms of expressing meaning		communities	
	expression, using appropriate concepts.		AT2 F Values and commitments		RE2c: To recognise and explain	
	AT1 B Practices and ways of life		AT2 E Meaning, purpose and truth		diversity within religious expression, using appropriate	
	171.05		Key knowledge: To research if Sikh stories		concepts.	
	AT1 C Forms of expressing meaning		are important today and if so, explore why? (T1)		AT1 B Practices and ways of life	
	AT2 F Values and commitment				AT2 F Values and commitments	
	AT2 E Meaning, purpose and truth		To analyse how can Brahman be everywhere and in everything? (T1)		AT2 E Meaning, purpose and truth	
	Key knowledge: To identify how far would a Sikh go for his/her religion? (T1)		To challenge and question if God intended Jesus to be crucified and if so, was Jesus aware of this? (T2)		Key knowledge: Sikhism -To investigate and discuss what is the best way for a Sikh to show commitment to God?(T1)	

Research and think about what are the best ways for a Hindu to show commitment to God? (T1)

To debate whither the Christmas story true? (T2)

Key Skills: to compare the different ways Sikhs put their religion into practice. To explore what is the best way for a Sikh to show commitment to God?(T1)

To evaluate if there is a best way for Hindus to show their commitment to god,.(T1)

to evaluate different accounts of the Christmas story and understand that stories can be true in different ways.(T2)

Key vocabulary: Sikhs, Guru Granth sahib, Gurdwara, Equality, Sewa, amrit and 5ks

Hindus -worship, puja, arati, Lakshmi, brahma

Christmas – old testament, cross, Jesus, church, nativity, gospels, Luke, Mathew

Christmas concert performances

Key Skills: To explore and understand the relevance of Sikh stories today. (T1)

To explain and understand the Hindu belief that there is one God with many different aspects. (T1)

To investigate if Jesus is the incarnation of God

To question whether God intended Jesus to be crucified or whether Jesus' crucifixion was the consequence of events during Holy Week. (T2)

Key vocabulary: Sikh stories, guru, guru granth sahib, Guru Nanak

Hindu, brahmin, brahma, Vishnu, pooja

Life after death, Holy Week, Bible

Year 5 Assembly – Easter Whole school Easter hat parade.

To debate and discuss if beliefs in karma, samsara and moksha help Hindus lead good lives?(T1)

To discuss the best way for a Christian to show commitment to God and then evaluate in groups and present to rest of their peers?(T2)

Key Skills: To explore and evaluate how Sikhs show their commitment to God and to evaluate if there is a best way. (T1)

To investigate and research how the impact of certain beliefs on a Hindu's life.(T1)

To understand how Christians, show their commitment to God and to evaluate if there is a best way. (T2)

Key vocabulary: Sikhism -guru, Amrit ceremony, guru granth sahib, langar, sewa, gurdwara, marriage, birth and death ceremonies

Hinduism – prayer, Pooja, karma, moshukh. re-carination

Christianity – baptism, church wedding, church, cross, bible, prayer, confession, vicar, communion.

End of year leavers /summer show celebrations

	Topic Title: Islam Beliefs and	Complete	Topic Title: Christianity - Belief and	Complete	Topic Title: for term 1 and 2 –	Complete
	practices (T1) Christianity -	topic not	meaning (T1) Christianity – Easter (T2)	topic not	Islam-Beliefs and moral value	topic not
Year 6	Christmas (T2)	done in		done in		done in
		Autumn 1.	RE1c: To explain the reasons for, and	Spring 1.	RE 2b To suggest answers to	
	RE1b: To recognize and explain the	Autumm 1.	effects of, diversity within and between	Spring 1.	questions raised by the	Summer
	impact of		religions, beliefs and cultures.		study of religions and	1.
	beliefs and				beliefs, using relevant	
	ultimate questions on individuals and communities		RE2a: To suggest lines of enquiry to		sources and evidence	
	individuals and communities		address questions raised by the study of			
	RE1a: To make links and explain		religions and beliefs.		AT 1 A Beliefs, teachings and	
	connections between beliefs,		A-74 A D II 6		sources	
	stories and practices		AT1 A Beliefs, teachings and sources		3001063	
	Stories and practices		AT2 F Magning purposes and truth		AT2 D Identity, diversity and	
	AT1 B Practices and ways of life		AT2 E Meaning, purpose and truth Believing Belonging We are learning to		belonging.	
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		evaluate different beliefs about eternity			
	AT2 F Values and commitments.		and to understand		AT 1 A Beliefs, teachings and	
			and to understand		sources	
	AT1 A Beliefs, teachings and		AT1 B Practices and ways of life			
	sources		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		AT 2 E Meaning, purpose and truth	
			AT2 D Identity, diversity and belonging.			
	AT2 E Meaning, purpose and truth				Key knowledge: to explore and	
			AT2 F Values and commitments		discuss does belief in Akhirah (life	
	Key knowledge: To use prior				after death) help Muslims lead	
	knowledge and research what is		Key knowledge: To explore Is anything		good lives?	
	the best way for a Muslim to show		ever eternal? (T1)			
	commitment to God?(T1)				Key Skills: to identify ways in	
			To research Is Christianity still a strong		which Muslims try to lead good	
	To discuss and evaluate how		religion 2000 years after Jesus was on		lives and how their belief in	
	significant is it that Mary was		Earth? (T2)		Akhirah influences this. (T1)	
	Jesus' mother? (T2)					
			Key Skills: To evaluate different beliefs		To challenge stereotyping through	
	Key Skills: To understand some of		about eternity and to understand the		understanding different Muslim	
	the ways Muslims show commitment to God and to		Christian perspective on this. (T1)		interpretations of Jihad and how	
	evaluate whether there is a best					
	evaluate whether there is a pest	1				

way. To use prior knowledge and	To examine the influences Christianity still	this links to getting to Heaven. (
discuss this comparing to other	has in the world and evaluate whether it is	T2)
religions they have learnt about.	still a strong religion. (T2)	
		Key vocabulary: Muslim, mosque,
To analyse the Christian belief in	Key vocabulary: Christianity, beliefs,	5 pillars, death, burial, heaven,
the Virgin Birth and to assess the	church, bible, cross, Easter, crucifixion,	hell, jihad
significance of this to Christians.	eternity, Palm Sunday, resurrection,	
(T2)	church.	End of year leavers /summer show
		celebrations
Key vocabulary: Muslim, 5 pillars	Whole school Easter hat parade.	
of Islam, mosque, sajda, fasting,		
Eid, Ramadan		
Christianity – bible stories, angel,		
joseph Mary, virgin birth, miracle		
Christmas concert performances		