

Eastbury Primary School Curriculum Overview Map for Year 1 (September 2023/24)

Year: 1	Autumn 1 7 weeks	Autumn 2 8 weeks	Spring 1 6 weeks	Spring 2 5 weeks	Summer 1 6 weeks	Summer 2 7 weeks
SECTION A: TITLE a	nd OVERVIEW					
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Trips and cultural capital experiences Entry point Exit point (need to check)	Bring in family photos Drawing / painting portraits African sunset Trip to the library	Watch a Pantomime Role-play/recite a poem Create paper mache earth Fruit collage – Arcimboldo Christmas decorations Christmas workshop	Visit to the Museum of Childhood Bring in favourite toy St. George's day year group assembly Paper lanterns Create Van Gogh Starry Night Road safety awareness	Visit Discover Children's Story Centre Make a fruit salad Made mechanism for books	Plant collage Plant a seed Sea life Aquarium Tree rubbings Park – Scavenger hunt – plants	Make a Pizza at Pizza Express Bring in baby pictures Scavenger hunt – seasons Following a recipe Create marshmallow sculpture Making a Jewish artefact (menorah) Clay sculptures Sugar cubes sculptures
Diversity & Global Learning opportunities	RE- learning about Christians and the celebration of Christmas History - Black history month learning about the lives of significant black individuals from the around the world and the culture that makes them who they are e.g Mae Jemison	Geography- learning about the four countries and capital citites of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas. Music – preparing songs for the Christmas concert.	RE- learning about Christians and the celebration of Easter English- Reading stories from other cultures and reflecting on the life in other countries Science week – topic TBC BSL – finger spelling	Geography – learning about a village in Kenya and the differences between Kenya and the UK. Maths day – topic TBC	RE- learning about Judaism and the celebration of Shabbat and Chanukah History: The sinking of the Titanic and the Gunpowder Plot. Art: Yayoi Kusama – fact file, canvas	Geography- Learning about physical and human geographical features and comparing villages, towns and cities.

British values and Votes for Schools (check weekly topics published)	Rule of law: Why do we have a school council? Why does our school have rules? How are these rules decided?	Democracy: How do we decide who is in charge? Why is it important to work together?	Mutual respect and tolerance: Why do we learn about other cultures? How does this change the way we behave towards people who are different from us?	Individual liberty: Why is it important for us to be able to make our own choices?	Mutual respect and tolerance:	Rule of law: New class new setting
	Votes for schools	Votes for schools	Votes for schools	Votes for schools	Votes for schools	Votes for schools
Weekly celebration assembly focus: Eastbury values	Respect	Enjoyment	Teamwork	Resilience	Aim High	Creativity
Year group whole school performance (RE assembly)	x	x	x	x	St Georges Day Assembly (Year 1)	x

PLEASE NOTE:

Curriculum: Schemes and plans below specify what pupils will do each half term. Wider curriculum subjects will start as stated below with the topics. Any knowledge gap for these subjects will be covered during special days or special weeks during the academic year where possible. In most cases missed topics and skills re-occur. Year groups will continue to ensure to create and plan links between subjects where possible to close the knowledge gap.

Assessment: Assessment judgements in the wider curriculum will continue to use a triangulation approach, using topic assessment questions, plenary exit questions at the end of lessons, end of topic evaluations and progress check list. These will support the teacher judgements made on SIMS (Spring 1 and Summer 1).

SECTION B: MATHS AND ENGLISH OVERVIEW OF TOPICS								
ENGLISH Y1	ENGLISH Y1 Autumn 1 Autumn 2 Spring 1 Spring 2 Summer 1 Summer 2							

Year 1 English	Unit 1: Transition from Reception to year 1 (See transition planning) Fiction: Story re-telling Fiction Text: Hands Hen, Handa's surprise Non-Fiction: Labels, Lists and Signs: Getting and giving information Non-fictionText: Not a Stick by Antoinette Portis Poetry: Humorous Poems: Funny Poems Text: Oi Frog! and Oi Dog! by Kes Gray and Jim Field	Unit 2: Fiction: Familiar Settings: Family Stories Fiction Texts: Five Minutes' Peace by Jill Murphy Non-fiction: Commands: What You Shouldn't Do at School Non-fiction Text: What You Shouldn't Do at School by Joshua McManus Poetry: Rhyming and Patterns: Poems with repeating patterns and rhymes Text: Hickory Dickory Dock	Unit 3: Fiction: Repeating Patterns: African Settings Fiction Texts: We're Going on a Lion Hunt by David Axtell, Handa's Hen by Eileen Browne, Bringing the Rain to Kapiti Plain by Verna Aardema Non-fiction: Questions & answers about food and Night- time Animals Non-fiction texts: Usborne Lift-the-Flap Questions and Answers about Food by Katie Daynes Night Animals by Susan Meredith Poetry: Humorous Poems: Express Ideas Creatively	Unit 4: Fiction: Traditional Tales and Fables: Sharing and Retelling Fiction Texts: This is the House that Jack Built by Simms Taback Non-fiction: Letters and Postcards: Letters in Different Contexts Non-fiction Texts: Here Comes Mr Postmouse by Marianne Dubuc Poetry: Poems on a Theme: Poems about the Senses Text: Sensational! Poems inspired by the five senses	Unit 5: Fiction: Stories on a Theme: Superheroes Fiction Text: Super Daisy by Kes Gray and Nick Sharrett Non-Fiction: Information Texts: Comparing Non-fiction and Fiction Non-fiction Texts: There's a Tiger in the Garden by Lizzie Stewart, Tigress by Nick Dowson Poetry: Classic Poems: Traditional Poems	Unit 6: Fiction: Traditional Tales and Fables: Fairy Tales Fiction Texts: Cinderella, Snow White and The Three Billy Goats Gruff Non-Fiction: Letters and Postcards: Letters: Dear Greenpeace Non-fiction Texts: Dear Greenpeace by Simon James Poetry: Poems on a Theme: Nature Poems
Grammar Focus	Explore sentence building and punctuation. Children study syllables and suffixes –ing and –	Bossy verbs Sentence punctuation Present and past tense verbs	Sentence punctuation Question marks Joining words e.g 'and'	Word endings Join clauses using 'and', Rehearse sentence punctuation Adjectives	Sentence punctuation Antonyms Word endings Sentence building Using capitals for proper names	Adjectives Punctuation Vocabulary

	ed. They begin to understand past/present tense.			Punctuation: capital letters and end of sentences		
MATHS Y1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Mathematics (Inspire Maths scheme) Year 1	Unit 1 – Numbers 1 to 10	Unit 2 – Number bonds Unit 3 – Addition within 10 Unit 4- Subtraction within 10	Unit 5 – Shapes and patterns Unit 6 – Ordinal numbers	Unit 7 – Numbers to 20 Unit 8 – Addition and subtraction within 20 Unit 9 – Length Unit 10 – Mass Unit 11 – Picture graphs	Unit 12 – Numbers to 40 Unit 13 – Mental calculations	Unit 14 – Multiplication Unit 15 – Division Unit 16 – Time Unit 17 – Numbers to 100 Unit 18 – Money (1) Unit 19 – Money (2)
SECTION C: SUBJEC	CTS WITH SCHEMES	1	1	1	1	1
SCIENCE Y1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2

Science National Curriculum topic title and	NC title: Animals including humans	NC title: Animals including humans	NC title: Everyday materials	NC title: Everyday materials	NC title: Plants	NC title: Seasonal Changes
Developing Experts	DE title: Animals including humans- All about me	DE title: Animals including humans- All about animals	DE title: Exploring everyday materials 1	DE title: Exploring everyday materials 2	NC/DE title: Plants	NC/de title: Seasonal
YEAR 1	Key knowledge: Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the	Key knowledge:	Key knowledge: Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is ma	Key knowledge: Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday	Key knowledge: Identify and name a variety of common and wild and garden plants,	Changes
	human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense	variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals	Identify and name a variety of everyday materials,	materials Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the	ariety of Identify and describe	Key knowledge: Observe changes across the 4 seasons
	Key skills:	Identify and name a variety of common	including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, and rock	basis of their simple physical properties	variety of common flowering plants, including trees	Observe and describe
	Perform simple tests Identify and classify	animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores	Key skills:	Key skills: Perform simple tests	Key skills:	weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies
	Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions, gather and record data to help in answering questions Key vocabulary: Head, body, skeleton, limb, joint, brain, eyelash, eye,	Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals	Perform simple tests Identify and classify Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions, gather and record data to help in answering	Identify and classify Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions, gather and record data to help in answering questions	Asking simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in different Observe closely, using	Key skills: Perform simple tests Identify and classify Using their observations
		including pets)	questions		simple equipment Identify and classify,	and ideas to suggest answers to questions, gather and record data
	sight, pupil, sound, ear, sign language, vibration, deafness, tongue, mouth, taste, flavour, sweet, touch,	Key skills: Asking simple questions and recognise that they	Key vocabulary: Material, fabric, wood, plastic, metal, object, glass, property, brick, elastic, property,	Key vocabulary: Solid, strong, brick, clay,wind, waterproof, absorbent, roof, slate,	Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions	to help in answering questions. Key vocabulary:

		1	1		
fingertips, skin, organ,	can be answered in	opaque, transparent,	transparent, opaque,	Gather and record data	Season, spring,
brain, smell, odour, nose,	different	dull, stiff, natural, man-	suitable, window pane,	to help in answering	summer, autumn,
nostril, nose hair	Observe alexal	made, factory, rubber,	window frame, fabric,	questions	winter, hibernate,
	Observe closely, using	polyester, predict, float,	furniture, cotton,		weather, protect,
	simple equipment	sink, submerge,	mattress, soft, wool,		harvest, winter,
	Identify and classify,	buoyant, absorbent, sponge, waterproof,	weather, jumper, suitable, waterproof,	Key vocabulary:	weather, frost, sleet,
	identity and classify,	umbrella, soak	evaluate, material,	Cood alant tree soil	temperature, spring,
	Using their observations	undrena, soak	properties, tile, garden	Seed, plant, tree, soil, predict, stem, petal,	compare, changes,
	and ideas to suggest		properties, the, garden	leaf, root, flower,	
	answers to questions			environment, weed,	grow, chick, summer,
				daisy, dandelion, wild,	warm, sun protection,
	Gather and record data			deciduous, evergreen,	temperature, heatwave,
	to help in answering			seasons, branch, bush,	rainfall, measuring,
	questions			supermarket, fruit,	record, results, graph,
				vegetable, farm,	
	Key vocabulary			tractor, growth,	
				seedling, young plant,	
	fish, amphibian, reptile,			adult plant, observe	
	mammal, bird, feather,				
	warm-blooded,				
	characteristic,				
	backbone, hatchling,				
	amphibian, reptile, gills,				
	scale, cold-blooded,				
	herbivore, carnivore,				
	omnivore, predator,				
	canines, pet, wild,				
	shelter, veterinary,				
	natural, similarities, differences, compare,				
	unsuitable, climate				

COMPUTING Y1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Computing (Kapow)	Topic Title: Improving mouse skills	Topic Title: Programming 1: Algorithms unplugged	Topic Title: Skills showcase: Rocket to the Moon	Topic Title: Programming 2 – Option 1: Bee-Bot	Topic Title: Creating media: Digital imagery	Topic Title: Data handling: Introduction to data
Year 1	 Key knowledge: To know that: "log in" and "log out" means to begin and end a connection with a computer A computer and mouse can be used to click, drag, fill and select and also add backgrounds, text, layers, shapes and clip art. Passwords are important for security and to keep us safe. 	 Key knowledge: To understand that an algorithm is when instructions are put in an exact order. To understand that decomposition means breaking a problem into manageable chunks and that it is important in computing. To understand that decomposition means breaking a problem into manageable chunks and that it is important in computing. 	 Key knowledge: To know that when we create something on a computer it can be more easily saved and shared than a paper version. To know some of the simple graphic design features of a piece of online software. To know that a spreadsheet is an electronic 'table' for sorting data. 	 Key knowledge: To understand the basic functions of a Bee-Bot. To know that you can use a camera/tablet to make simple videos. To know that algorithms move a Bee-Bot accurately to a chosen destination. Key skills: Learning how to explore and tinker with software to find out how it works. Learning how to operate a camera to take photos 	 Key knowledge: To understand that holding the camera or device still and considering angles and light are important to take good pictures. To know that you can edit, crop and filter photographs. To know how to search safely for images online. 	 Key knowledge: To know that charts and pictograms can be created using a computer. To understand that a branching database is a way of classifying a group of objects. To know that computers understand different types of 'input'.
	 Key Skills: Learning how to explore and tinker with hardware to find out how it works. Learning where keys are located on the keyboard. Using a basic range of tools within graphic editing software. Developing control of the mouse through dragging, clicking and resizing of images to create different effects. 	 To know that we call errors in an algorithm 'bugs' and fixing these 'debugging'. Key skills: Recognising that some devices are input devices and others are output devices. Learning that decomposition means breaking a problem down into smaller parts. Using decomposition to solve unplugged challenges. Developing the skills associated with sequencing in unplugged activities. 	 Key Skills: Learning where keys are located on the keyboard. Learning how to operate a camera to take photos and videos. Using logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs. Developing the skills associated with sequencing in unplugged activities. Following a basic set of instructions. 	 and videos. Using decomposition to solve unplugged challenges. Using logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs. Developing the skills associated with sequencing in unplugged activities. Following a basic set of instructions. Key vocabulary: algorithm, artificial intelligence, Bee-Bot, clear, code, debug, demonstration, filming, inputting, instructions, pause, precise, predict, 	 Key Skills: Learning how to explore and tinker with hardware to find out how it works. Learning where keys are located on the keyboard. Learning how to operate a camera to take photos and videos. Developing the skills associated with sequencing in unplugged activities. Developing control of the mouse through dragging, clicking 	 Key Skills: Learning how to explore and tinker with hardware to find out how it works. Recognising that some devices are input devices and others are output devices. Learning where keys are located on the keyboard. Developing control of the mouse through dragging, clicking and resizing of

Developing	Following a basic set of	Assembling	program, tinker, video, video	and resizing of	images to create
Developing understanding of	instructions.	 Assembling instructions into a 	recording	images to create	different effects.
different software	Assembling instructions	simple algorithm.	recording	different effects.	
tools.	into a simple algorithm.	 Learning to debug 		 Developing 	- Developing
Recognising devices		 Learning to debug instructions when 		understanding of	understanding of
that are connected	Learning to debug instructions when things	things go wrong.		different software	different software
to the internet.	0	0000		tools,	tools.
Logging in and	go wrong. Learning to debug an	 Learning to debug an algorithm in an 		 Searching and 	 Recognising devices
out and saving work	algorithm in	unplugged		downloading	that are connected
on their own	0	scenario.		images from the	to the internet.
account.	an unplugged scenario.			internet safely.	 Understanding that
account.		 Recognising devices that are connected 		 When using the 	technology can be
Key vocabulary: Key	ey vocabulary:	to the internet.		 when using the internet to search 	used to represent
	gorithm, automatic, bug,	 Understanding that 		for images,	data in different
	unks, clear, code, debug,	 Understanding that technology can be 		learning what to	ways: pictograms,
0 17 0	ecompose, decomposition,	used to represent		do if they come	tables, pie charts,
	evice, directions, input,	data in different		across something	bar charts, block
	structions, manageable,	ways: pictograms,		online that	graphs etc.
	otion, order, organise,	tables, pie charts,		worries them or	 Using data
	utput, precise,	bar charts, block		makes them feel	representations to
· · · · ·	ogramming, problem,	graphs etc.		uncomfortable.	answer questions
,	bot, sensor, sequence,	 Logging in and out 		Using a basic	about data.
	lution, specific, steps, tasks,	and saving work on		range of tools	 Using software to
	rtual assistant	their own account.		within graphic	explore and create
		their own account.		editing software.	
		Key vocabulary:		Taking and editing	pictograms and
		annotate, cells, components,		photographs.	branching
		create, data, debug, designing,		photographs.	databases.
		digital content, digital image,			
		document, e-document, edit,		Key vocabulary:	Key vocabulary:
		editing program, evaluate,		Fruit, seed, root, smoothie,	
		folder, input, instructions, log		carton, flavour, vegetable,	bar chart, block graph,
		in, photo, program, order,		leaf, stem, healthy, design,	branching database,
		robot, save, sequence, share,		peel, slice	categorise, chart, click and
		software, spreadsheet, table			drag, compare, count, data,
		, ,			data collection, data record,
					data representation, edit,
					input, keyboard, line graph,
					mouse, information, label,
					pictogram, pie chart, process,
					record, resize, sort, table, tally,
					values

RE Y1	Autumn 1/2 (optional religious festivals - to also look at Diwali/Harvest/Guy Fawkes) AUTUMN 2 – VISIT TO CHURCH		Spring 1/2 (optional religious festival New Year/Vaisakhi for Sik day/Mother's Day)	stivals – to look at Chinese or Sikhs/St Georges Summer 1/2 Ramadan/Eid/Father's Day)		
RE - topics taken from discovery RE scheme of work -areas of enquiry targets AT1 & AT2 targets or NC – national curriculum targets starting with Re have been selected. Key (T1) term 1 (T2) term 2 Year 1	Topic Title: Places of worship/creation story/Christmas story in ChristianityKey knowledge: NC RE1b: To identify how religion and belief is expressed in different waysRE1c: To identify similarities and differences in features of religions and beliefsAT1 A Beliefs, teachings and sources AT2 F Values and commitmentsDoes the world belong to God? Should people take care of the world?Key Skills: to compare between different places of worship.	 Topic Title: Christmas story in Christianity Key knowledge: NC RE2c: To identify possible meanings for symbols and other forms of religious expression AT1 A Beliefs, teachings and sources AT2 D Identity, diversity and belonging. What gift would I have given to Jesus if he had been born in my town and not in Bethlehem? Key Skills: To reflect on the Christmas story and decide what gifts would be meaningful for Jesus. What can I learn from stories from 	Topic Title: Jesus as a friend - Christianity Key knowledge: NC RE1a: To retell religious, spiritual and moral stories - Jesus as a friend RE2b: To ask questions about their own and others feelings and experiences Key Skills: To identify when it is easy and difficult to show friendship and explore when Jesus may have found it difficult To identify was it always easy for Jesus to show friendship? To define when answering the following - What can I learn from religious traditions? Should people follow religious leaders and teachings?	 Topic Title: Easter story Christianity Key knowledge: NC RE1a: To retell religious, spiritual and moral stories – Easter Story RE2b: To ask questions about their own and others feelings and experiences Key Skills: Why was Jesus welcomed like a king or celebrity by the crowds on Palm Sunday? Show evidence for your answer. To know that Jesus is special to Christians and how his welcome on Palm Sunday shows this Key vocabulary: Jesus, bible, Palm Sunday, Easter, 	 Topic Title: Judaism – Shabbat/Chanukah Key knowledge: RE1a: To retell religious, spiritual and moral stories RE2b: To ask questions about their own and others feelings and experiences AT1 B Practices and ways of life AT2 D Identify, diversity and belonging AT1 C Forms of expressing meaning. Key vocabulary: To empathise with Jewish children by understanding what they do during Shabbat 	Topic Title: Judaism – Shabbat/Hanukkah Key knowledge: RE1a: To retell religious, spiritual and moral stories RE2b: To ask questions about their own and others feelings and experiences AT1 B Practices and ways of life AT2 D Identify, diversity and belonging AT1 C Forms of expressing meaning Key vocabulary: To empathise with Jewish children by understanding how it feels for them to take

	To distinguish different	religious traditions? To			and why it is important	part in Hanukkah
	religious symbols.	question are symbols			to them.	activities.
	To describe what is	better than words at			to them.	activities.
	different and similar		Key vocabulary: Jesus,			
		expressing religious	good, friend, bible, Palm		Key Skills: To identify	Key Skills: To identify
	between different places	beliefs?	Sunday, Easter,		and describe some	and describe some
	of worship and their				symbols in Judaism.	symbols in Judaism.
	symbols.	Key vocabulary:			To reflect and describe	To reflect and describe
		Christmas story, Jesus,			how a Jewish child	how a Jewish child
	To re-tell the Christian	Mary, Joseph, 3 wise			would feel exploring	would feel exploring
	Creation story and to	men, shepherds, angel,			celebrations in	celebrations in Judaism.
	explore how this	stable, presents,			Judaism.	
	influences how Christians	characters from the				Key vocabulary:
	behave towards nature	story and role.			Key vocabulary:	Judaism, synagogue,
	and the environment				Judaism, synagogue,	star of David, the lion of
					star of David, the lion	Judah, menorah,
		Christmas concert			of Judah, menorah,	mezuzah, Torah scroll,
	Key vocabulary:	performances			mezuzah, Torah scroll,	Shabbat/Hanukah
	church, gurdwara,				Shabbat/Chanukah	Shabbaty hanakan
	mosque, synagogue,	VISIT TO CHURCH			Shabbady chanakan	
	mandir, Buddhist temple					
					Year group assembly –	
	Creation story, bible ,7 th				St Georges Day	
	day, days of the week.					
MUSIC Y1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Topic Title: Hey you &	Topic Title: Hey you &	Topic Title: The banana	Topic Title: The banana	Topic Title: Round and	Topic Title: Round and
Music	Christmas song	Christmas song	Rap & In the Groove	Rap & In the Groove	round & Your	round & Your
(Charanga	performance	performance			imagination	imagination
scheme)			Style: Reggae, Blues,	Style: Reggae, Blues,		
,	Style: Old school hip-	Style: Old school hip-	Baroque, Latin,	Baroque, Latin,	Style: Bossa Nova and	Style: Bossa Nova and
Year 1	hop	hop	bhangra, folk, funk	bhangra, folk, funk	pop	pop
					hoh	hoh
	Key knowledge: NC	Key knowledge: NC				
		objective Mu1/1.1/1.2				
	objective Mu1/1.1/1.2	objective wiu1/1.1/1.2	1		1	

To use their voices expressively and	To use their voices expressively and	Key knowledge: NC objective Mu1/1.2/1.3	Key knowledge: NC objective Mu1/1.2/1.3	Key knowledge: NC objective Mu1/1.4/1.1	Key knowledge: NC objective Mu1/1.4/1.1
creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes	creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes	To play tuned and untuned instruments musically.	To play tuned and untuned instruments musically.	To experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the interrelated	To experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the interrelated
To play tuned and untuned instruments musically	To play tuned and untuned instruments musically	To listen with concentration and understanding to a	To listen with concentration and understanding to a	dimensions of music. To use their voices	dimensions of music. To use their voices
Key Skills: Listen and appraise	Key Skills: Listen and appraise	range of high-quality live and recorded music	range of high-quality live and recorded music	expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking	expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking
Perform to others To learn how they	Perform to others To learn how they	Key Skills:	Key Skills:	chants and rhymes.	chants and rhymes.
can enjoy moving to music by dancing, marching, being animals or pop stars. Learn about voices, singing notes of different pitches Key vocabulary:	can enjoy moving to music by dancing, marching, being animals or pop stars. Learn about voices, singing notes of different pitches	Listen and appraise Perform to others Learn about voices, singing notes of different pitches Learn that they can make different types of sounds	Listen and appraise Perform to others Learn about voices, singing notes of different pitches Learn that they can make different types of sounds	Key Skills: Listen and appraise Perform to others Learn about voices, singing notes of different	Key Skills: Listen and appraise Perform to others Learn about voices, singing notes of different pitches Learn that they can
	Key vocabulary:	with their voices – you can rap or say	with their voices – you can rap or say	pitches Learn that they	make different types of sounds
Pulse – the regularheartbeat of the music;its steady beat.Rhythm – long and shortsounds or patterns thathappen over the pulse.Pitch – high and lowsounds.	Pulse – the regular heartbeat of the music; its steady beat. Rhythm – long and short sounds or patterns that happen over the pulse.	words in rhythm. Learn to start and stop when following a leader Key vocabulary:	words in rhythm. Learn to start and stop when following a leader Key vocabulary:	can make different types of sounds with their voices – you can rap or say words in rhythm. Learn to start and stop when following a loador	with their voices – you can rap or say words in rhythm. Learn to start and stop when following a leader
Tempo – the speed of the music; fast or slow or in-between.	Pitch – high and low	Pulse – the regular heartbeat of the music; its steady beat.	Pulse – the regular heartbeat of the music; its steady beat.	following a leader Key vocabulary:	Key vocabulary:

	Old-School Hip-Hop	Tempo – the speed of the music; fast or slow or in-between. Old-School Hip-Hop	Rhythm – long and short sounds or patterns that happen over the pulse. Pitch – high and low sounds. Tempo – the speed of the music; fast or slow or in-between. Reggae, Blues, Baroque, Latin, bhangra, folk, funk	Rhythm – long and short sounds or patterns that happen over the pulse. Pitch – high and low sounds. Tempo – the speed of the music; fast or slow or in-between. Reggae, Blues, Baroque, Latin, bhangra, folk, funk	Pulse – the regular heartbeat of the music; its steady beat. Rhythm – long and short sounds or patterns that happen over the pulse. Pitch – high and low sounds. Tempo – the speed of the music; fast or slow or in-between. Bossa Nova and pop	Pulse – the regular heartbeat of the music; its steady beat. Rhythm – long and short sounds or patterns that happen over the pulse. Pitch – high and low sounds. Tempo – the speed of the music; fast or slow or in-between.
PHSE Y1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Caring 1	Carriag 2	Summer 1	Bossa Nova and pop Summer 2
PHSE	Topic Title: Healthy Me		Spring 1	Spring 2		
(JigSaw Scheme)	Article 24				Topic Title: Relationships	Topic Title: Changing me
(Jigsaw Schenie)	Alticle 24				Article 15	Article 19
Year 1	Key knowledge:				Article 16	Article 31
	Know the difference				Article 21	Article 31
(Check also	between healthy and				Article 22	Key knowledge:
additional	unhealthy choices. Know				Article 25	To know lifecycle of
sessions to	the dangers of germs					animals and humans. To
complete due to	and illnesses. Know				Key knowledge:	know the difference
return from	dangerous household				To know that you	between me and my
Lock-down) –	objects. Know how				belong to a family and	peers, know the
See Sharepoint	medicines help you.				that there are different	differences between
and read notes	Know the dangers of the				types. To know how to	boys and girls.
above.	road				make friends and ways	
					of greeting people. To	Key Skills:
	Key Skills:				know who to ask help	To understand the
	Know skills to make				from. To recognise	changes that I'm going
	healthy choices. To know				good qualities of a	through and to stay
	how to wash my hands				person.	calm about this.
	and body. To identify					
	dangerous household				Key Skills:	Key vocabulary:

	objects. Know the steps before crossing the road Key vocabulary: Healthy, unhealthy, fats, carbohydrates, protein, fruit and vegetables, balanced diet, soap, water, shower, bath, bleach, pills, cream,				To tolerate others and their different families. To know which greeting would be most appropriate to certain individuals. To praise myself and others Key vocabulary: Mum, dad, brother, sister, step- dad, step mum etc. , qualities, greetings, handshake, hug, kiss	Vagina, penis. Stereotypes, baby, toddler, child, teenage, adult, elderly.
PE Y1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
PE	Topic Title: Sport & Games; Gymnastics	Topic Title: Gymnastics Key knowledge:	Topic Title: Team Games - Rounder's, Dodge ball, Bench ball,	Topic Title: Team Games - Rounder's, Dodge ball, Bench ball, Tag rugby,	Topic Title: Dance Key knowledge: To	Topic Title: Athletics and Sports day
Year 1	Key knowledge: Jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities. Key Skills: Catching and throwing bean bags, Target throwing, Co- ordination, Catching a	developing balance, agility and co- ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities. Key Skills: Catching and throwing bean bags, Target throwing, Co- ordination, Catching a 'tail', Hopping , Skipping, Long jump, Safe landing	Tag rugby, Football and Hockey Key knowledge: To participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending using skills learnt from Autumn 1 and 2 Key Skills: Catching and throwing, Target throwing, Co-ordination	Football and Hockey Key knowledge: To participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending using skills learnt from Autumn 1 and 2 Key Skills: Catching and throwing, Target throwing, Co-ordination	 key knowledge. To perform dances using simple movement patterns. Key Skills: changing direction and Co- ordination and sequencing Key vocabulary: Rhythm, flow, position, co-ordination, movement, pace, fast, 	Key knowledge: Master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co- ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities. Key Skills: Catching, throwing, Jumping,

	'tail', Hopping , Skipping, Long jump, Safe landing Key vocabulary: Catching, throwing, safety, movement, position, space, balance	Key vocabulary: Catching, throwing, safety, movement, position, space, balance	Key vocabulary: Field, Fielding, dribble, passing, sideways, forwards, bat, ball, tag, rules, space, partner, evade	Key vocabulary: Field, Fielding, dribble, passing, sideways, forwards, bat, ball, tag, rules, space, partner, evade	slow, height, tall, short, change	running, changing direction and Co- ordination and sequencing Key vocabulary: catching, throwing, standing, movement, pace, fast, slow, height, tall, short, change
SECTION D: HIST	TORY AND GEOGRAPHY				•	
HISTORY Y1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	Topic Title: The lives of		Topic title: Changes		Topic title: Events	
History	signigicant individuals in		within living memory		beyond living memory	
Year 1	 the past. Key knowledge: Focused analysis of the events of a significant individual - Rosa Parks, Neil Armstrong) Key Skills: The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Some 		To understand changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life. Key knowledge: Recall some facts about people/events before living memory. Explain why people may have acted the way they did.		To understand events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally e.g. events commemorated through festivals or anniversaries, the Gunpowder Plot, The Titanic Key knowledge: Explain why people may have acted the way they did.	

should be used to	Key Skills:	
compare aspects of life	Changes within living	Key Skills:
in different periods.	memory. Where	Significant historical
	appropriate, these	events, people and
	should be used to	places in their own
	reveal aspects of	locality.
Key Vocabulary	change in national	
Past, Rosa Parks, bus,	life.	Chronological
culture, America,		understanding
freedom, Neil	Events beyond living	Order a set of events
Armstrong, space,	memory that are	or objects.
rocket, moon.	significant nationally	Use a timeline to
	or globally.	place important
		events (eg. The
	Chronological	Titanic, Gunpowder
	understanding	Plot)
	Understand the	
	difference between	Historical enquiry
	things that happened	Identify different
	in the past and the	ways in which the
	present.	past is represented.
	Describe things that	
	happened to	Key Vocabulary
	themselves and other	Gunpowder, plot,
	people in the past.	Catholics, King, Guy
		Fawkes, soldiers,
	Historical enquiry	prison, Titanic, sank,
	Explore events, asking	iceberg, lifeboats, passengers
	questions "which	hasseligers

			doing?" Look at objects from			
			the past and compare			
			them with modern			
			objects			
			Key Vocabulary			
			Decade, timeline,			
			living memory,			
			inventions, modern,			
			century, long ago,			
			toys, materials,			
			plastic, cloth, metal,			
			wood, electronic,			
			safety.			
GEOGRAPHY Y1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Geography		Key knowledge: Location Knowledge		Key knowledge: Place Knowledge		Key knowledge: Human and physical geography
Year 1		Ge1/1.1b				Ge1/1.3a Identify seasonal
		To name, locate and identify		Ge1/1.2a		and daily weather patterns in
		characteristics of the 4 countries and capital cities of		To understand geographical similarities and differences		the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas
		the United Kingdom and its		through studying the human		of the world in relation to the
		surrounding seas.		and physical geography of a		Equator and the North and
				small area of the United		South Poles.
				Kingdom, and of a small area		

	•		1	
identify seasonal and daily		in a contrasting non-European		Ge1/1.3b Use basic
weather patterns in the		country.		geographical vocabulary to
United Kingdom		Key Skills:		refer to: key physical features,
Key Skills:		Teacher led enquiries, to ask		including: beach, cliff, coast,
Teacher led enquiries, to ask		and respond to simple closed		forest, hill, mountain, sea,
and respond to simple closed		questions.		ocean, river, soil, valley,
questions.				vegetation, season and
		Use information books/pictures		weather. key human features,
Use information		as sources of information.		including: city, town, village,
books/pictures as sources of				factory, farm, house, office,
information.		Use relative vocabulary Learn		port, harbour and shop.
		names of some places		
Learn names of some places		within/around the UK.		Coographical Skills and
within/around the UK.		E.g. SEPHome town, cities,		Geographical Skills and
E.g. SEP Home town, cities,		countries sepe.g. Wales, France.		Fieldwork
countries see e.g. Wales,				
London.		Understand simple keys on a		Ge1/1.4b To use simple
		map		compass directions (North,
Locate countries within the				South, East and West) and
UK and begin to name these		Begin to compare two areas		locational and directional
and surrounding seas		using information books/		language (e.g. near and far,
		pictures as sources of		left and right) to describe the
Identify the seasonal and		information		location of features and
weather patterns in the UK.		Key vocabulary:		routes on a map.
				Key Skills:
Use picture maps and globes/		Barking, hospital, school,		Teacher led enquiries, to ask
Large scale world map		cemetery, shops, shopping		and respond to simple closed
		centre, town, Maasai, village,		questions.
Begin to use KS1 atlas		animals, passport, compass,		
		address, local area, near/far,		Use information
Understand simple keys on a		photograph, Africa, plain, dry,		books/pictures as sources of
map		protect.		information.
Begin to spatially match				Use relative vocabulary Learn
places (e.g. recognise UK on a				names of some places
small step scale and larger scale				within/around the UK.
map)				E.g. LHome town, cities.
Key vocabulary:				Key vocabulary:

	England, Scotland, Wales, Ireland, Northern Ireland English Channel, North Sea, Irish Sea, North Atlantic Ocean Seasons, weather, spring, summer, autumn, winter				beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather. city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Topic Title: Drawing: Make your mark		Topic Title: Sculpture and 3D: paper play		Topic Title: Painting and mixed media:	
Kev knowledge:		Key knowledge:			
 To know that an outline is a joined up line that shows a 2D shape. To know that drawing tools can create different marks. To know that you can draw different types of lines. To know that texture means 'what something feels like'. To know that 		 To know that we can change paper from 2D to 3D by folding, rolling and scrunching it. To know that three dimensional art is called sculpture. Key Skills: Using their hands to manipulate a range of modelling materials, including 		 Key knowledge: To know that the primary colours are red, yellow and blue. To know that primary colours can be mixed to make secondary colours. To know that a pattern is a design in which shapes, colours or lines are repeated. 	
	 Make your mark Key knowledge: To know that an outline is a joined up line that shows a 2D shape. To know that drawing tools can create different marks. To know that you can draw different types of lines. To know that texture means 'what something feels 	Ireland, Northern Ireland English Channel, North Sea, Irish Sea, North Atlantic Ocean Seasons, weather, spring, summer, autumn, winter ND DT Autumn 1 Autumn 2 Topic Title: Drawing: Make your mark Key knowledge: • To know that an outline is a joined up line that shows a 2D shape. • To know that drawing tools can create different marks. • To know that you can draw different types of lines. • To know that texture means 'what something feels like'.	Ireland, Northern Ireland English Channel, North Sea, Irish Sea, North Atlantic Ocean Seasons, weather, spring, summer, autumn, winterND DTAutumn 1Autumn 2Spring 1Autumn 1Autumn 2Spring 1Topic Title: Drawing: Make your markTopic Title: Sculpture and 3D: paper playKey knowledge: • To know that an outline is a joined up line that shows a 2D shape. • To know that drawing tools can create different marks. • To know that you can draw different types of lines. • To know that texture means 'what something feels like'.Topic Title: a range of modelling	Ireland, Northern Ireland English Channel, North Sea, Irish Sea, North Atlantic Ocean Seasons, weather, spring, summer, autumn, winterSpring 1IND DTAutumn 1Autumn 2Spring 1Spring 2Topic Title: Drawing: Make your markAutumn 2Spring 1Spring 2Key knowledge: outline is a joined up line that shows a 2D shape.Topic Title: Sculpture and 3D: paper playTopic Title: Sculpture and 3D: paper playKey knowledge: outline is a joined up line that shows a 2D shape.To know that drawing tools can create different marks.Key knowledge: • To know that drawing tools can create different marks.• To know that three dimensional art is called sculpture.• To know that you can draw different types of lines. • To know that something feels like'.Key Skills: • Using their hands to manipulate a range of modelling	Indext and the second

be used t	to represent	Exploring how	Experimenting
the textu	ires of	to join and fix	with paint, using a
objects.		materials in place.	wide variety of
• To k	now that	Creating 3D	tools (e.g. brushes,
different	drawing	forms to make	sponges, fingers)
tools ma	ke different	things from their	to apply paint to a
marks.		imagination or	range of surfaces.
• Tok	now that	recreate things they	Beginning to
things we	e see have	have seen.	explore colour
darker ar	nd lighter	Selecting	mixing.
areas.	_	colours, shapes and	Selecting
		materials to suit	colours, shapes
Key Skills:		ideas and	and materials to
• Usin	g a range of	purposes.	suit ideas and
drawing	materials	 Designing and 	purposes.
such as p	encils,	making something	Describing
chalk, ch	arcoal,	that is imagined or	similarities and
pastels, f	elt tips and	invented.	differences
pens.		 Beginning to 	between practices
Deve	eloping	develop skills such	in Art and design,
observat	ional skills	as measuring	e.g. between
to look c	losely and	materials, cutting,	painting and
reflect su	ırface	and adding	sculpture, and
texture t	hrough	decoration.	linking these to
mark-ma	king.	 Describing 	their own work.
• Expl	oring mark-	similarities and	
making u	ising a	differences	Key vocabulary:
range of	tools; being	between practices	Blend, kaleidoscope,
able to c	reate a	in Art and design,	mix, print, shade,
diverse a	nd	e.g. between	space, hue, patte
purposef	ul range of	painting and	
marks th	rough	sculpture, and	
experime	entation,	linking these to	
building	skills and	their own work.	
vocabula	ry.	 Describing and 	
		comparing features	

	 Experimenting with paint, using a wide variety of tools (e.g. brushes, sponges, fingers) to apply paint to a range of different surfaces. Describing and comparing features of their own work and other's art work. Key vocabulary: 2D shape, 3D shape, abstract, chalk, charcoal, circle, continuous, cross-hatch, diagonal, dots 		of their own work and others' artwork. Key vocabulary: artist, concertina, cylinder, loop, overlap, spiral, tube, carving, curve, imagine, mosaic, sculpture, 3D			
DT Y1	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Design and technology		Topic Title: Structures – Constructing a windmill		Topic Title: Textiles - Puppets		Topic Title: Food – Fruit and vegetables
Year 1		 Key knowledge: To understand that the shape of materials can be changed to improve the strength and stiffness of structures. To understand that cylinders are a strong type of structure. To understand that axles are used in structures and mechanisms to make parts turn in a circle. 		 Key knowledge: To know that 'joining technique' means connecting two pieces of material together. To know that there are various temporary methods of joining fabric by using staples, glue or pins. To understand that different techniques for joining materials 		 Key knowledge: To understand the different between fruits and vegetables. To understand that some foods typically known as vegetables are actually fruits. To know that a blender is a machine which mixes ingredients together into a smooth liquid.

To begin to	can be used for	To know that
understand that	different purposes.	fruit has seeds and
different structures	To understand	a vegetable does
are used for different	that a template (or	not.
purposes.	fabric pattern) is	To know that
 To know that a 	used to cut out the	fruits grow on trees
structure is	same shape	or vines.
something that has	multiple times.	To know that
been made and put	To know that	vegetables can
together.	drawing a design	grow either above
Key Skills:	idea is useful to see	or below ground.
• Learn the	how an idea will	To know that
importance of a clear	look.	vegetables can
design criteria.	IOUK.	come from
Include	Key Skills:	
preferences and	-	different parts of
requirements.	Use a template to create a decign	the plant.
Make stable	to create a design	
structures.	for a puppet.	Key Skills:
Learn how to	Cut fabric	Design
turn 2D nets into 3D	neatly with	smoothie carton
structures.	scissors.	packaging by-hand
Follow	Use joining	or on ICT software.
instructions to cut	methods to	Chop fruit and
and assemble.	decorate a puppet.	vegetables safely to
Make	 Sequence steps 	make a smoothie.
functioning turbines	for construction.	 Identify if a
and axles.	Reflect on a	food is a fruit or a
	finished product,	vegetable.
Key vocabulary:	explaining likes and	Learn where
axle, design, model,	dislikes.	and how fruits and
packaging, template,		vegetables grow.
stable, bridge, design criteria, net, structure,	Key vocabulary:	Taste and
unstable, strong, weak	Decorate, fabric, model,	evaluate different
unstable, strong, weak	safety pin, stencil,	food combinations.

			puppet, staple, template	 Describe appearance, smell and taste. Suggest information to be included on packaging. Key vocabulary: Fruit, seed, root, smoothie, carton, flavour, vegetable, leaf, stem, healthy, design, peel, slice
BSL (To be added half-termly)	Topics: Five Minutes Peace. What you shouldn't do at school. BSL Basic Skills.	Topics: We're going on a lion hunt. Night animals BSL Basic Skills.	To be added	
	Key Knowledge: To engage with English topic through BSL. To ask and answer questions in BSL.	Key Knowledge: To engage with English topic through BSL. To ask and answer questions in BSL.		
	To build upon basic, functional skills.	To build upon basic, functional skills.		
	Key skills:	Key skills:		
	Receptive:	Receptive:		

To understand	To understand everyday		
everyday and topic-	and topic-based BSL.		
based BSL.			
	Productive:		
Productive:	To sign everyday and		
To sign everyday and	topic-based BSL.		
topic-based BSL.			
·	To combine both skills		
To combine both skills	by engaging in		
by engaging in	conversation using BSL.		
conversation using BSL.			
	Key topic vocabulary:		
Key topic vocabulary:	We're going on a lion		
Five Minutes Peace	hunt		
Elephant	What happened next?		
Bath	Long grass		
Bath-hat	Lake		
Mrs Large is relaxing	Swamp		
Bubbles	A big dark cave		
Taps	Lion		
Flannel	Sleep		
What can you see?	Try again tomorrow		
What can you see:	Thy again comorrow		
Bear	Nocturnal animals		
Slug	What are they doing?		
Teacher	Howling		
School	Hiding		
Violin	Flying		
Toilet	Digging		
The boy is naughty	Hunting		
, , ,	Sleeping		
True/false	listening		
	Eating		
	Jumping		
	··· · ··· O		
	True/false		